Handout for Uncommon Vegetables and Common Pests

For more inspiration in your garden, check out these alternatives to more common plants – Amy Turnbull.

Vegetable	Reasons to grow this	Growing Tips	Problems	
GREEN BEAN ALTERNATIVES				
Dried Beans	You are likely to miss the harvest window for green beans	-plant in early June, when soil is at least 18 °C	-fungal diseases during germination	
Yardlong Beans, (asparagus bean, long bean)	Continual harvest, withstands heat, versatile in kitchen	-harvest every 3 days before when pods are the thickness of a pencil and before you see bulging in the pods	none	
Soybeans	Easy and high-yielding -fresh soybean flavour is unparalleled	-plant after danger of frost in well-drained soil; soil should be moist but not too wet during germination or seeds can rot	Japanese beetle	
LETTUCE ALTERNATIVES				
Celtuce	Easy to grow, versatile in kitchen	-treat like lettuce in garden	Harvest when stems are 20 cm long	
Escarole	Easy to grow, longer harvest, withstands cold	-treat like lettuce in garden	Allow space between plants in the row to reduce rot	
PEAS				
Asparagus	Perennial, needs little work after first year	-transplant crowns into permanent spot -likes well-drained soil	Asparagus beetle are present in May and July	
Snap peas	Less work and higher yield than shelled peas	-plant in April -keep well watered when flowering for optimum yield	Pick the first flush of peas and more pods will appear	
ONION ALTERNATIVES				
Leeks	Extend the growing season into winter	-start in flats and transplant in May	If leek moth is present, use row cover	
Shallots	Shallots are expensive to buy! Delicate onion flavour	-direct seed in May	Keep even moisture to reduce fungal diseases	
BELL PEPPER ALTERNATIVE				
Chile peppers	Varieties for roasting, frying, drying, stuffing	-start seed 8 weeks before last frost -transplant in June	-blossoms drop if days above 30 °C or below 15 °C, nights above 21 °C, dry weather	

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CELERY ALTERNATIVE					
Fennel	Celery texture with licorice flavour	-start seed 8 weeks before last frost, transplant	-minor fungal diseases cause lesions		
DISCOVERING BRASSICAS	DISCOVERING BRASSICAS				
Greens: bok choy, tatsoi, napa, komatsuna, choy sum, guy lon	Quick to mature, tender, sweet taste	-seed in flats 4 weeks before transplant -can direct seed but plants won't be as uniform	-swede midge -cabbage looper		
Asian radishes: daikon, lo bok, mu	Mild flavour and versatile in kitchen	-same as above -spring radishes do best maturing in cool fall weather	-same as above -mature radishes can get buggy if left in garden too long		
Kohlrabi	The crunch of celery but much less work	-same as above	-harvest when 2-4" wide		
Broccolini	Continuously produces shoots for harvest, mild taste and tender	-same as above	-readily attacked by swede midge. Use row cover until July -pick florets as they mature.		
Turnips	Young turnips are exquisite	-same as above	-pick when still small		
CUCUMBER ALTERNATIVES					
Armenian cucumber	Mild taste, crisp texture	-start indoors in May, transplant in June	Downy and powdery mildew; Bacterial wilt from striped cucumber beetle		
Patty pan squash	Fast maturing and versatile	-same as Armenian cuc	Downy and powdery mildew; Bacterial wilt from striped cucumber beetle		
SPINACH ALTERNATIVE					
Swiss chard	Season-long harvest of tender greens	-plant in mid-May -pick continually to keep plants healthy	Cercospora: pick diseased leaves and discard		

Great Links to check out!

Cornell University: Choosing a variety: <u>Vegetable Varieties for Gardeners</u>

<u>Phytotheca</u>: general cultural information on many plants

OMAFRA - OMAFRA Crop IPM

OMAFRA - <u>Asian vegetables grown in Ontario</u> Master Gardeners - <u>Japanese Beetle Control</u>

Master Gardeners - Diseases: <u>onion, melons, tomatoes</u>